X HEXION

SAFETY DATA SHEET

FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY

EPONTM Resin 872

Section 1. Product and company identification

GHS product identifier MSDS Number Product type Material uses		 EPON[™] Resin 872 K1224 Epoxy Resin Epoxy Resin Systems
Manufacturer/Supplier/Impor ter	:	Hexion Inc. 180 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 USA
Contact person	:	4information@hexion.com
Telephone	:	For additional health and safety or regulatory information, call 1 888 443 9466.
Emergency telephone number	:	For Emergency Medical Assistance Call Health & Safety Information Services 1-866-303-6949
		For Emergency Transportation Information CHEMTREC US Domestic (800) 424-9300 CHEMTREC International (703) 527-3887 CANUTEC CA Domestic (613) 996-6666

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	:	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) [Respiratory tract irritation] - Category 3
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Warning
Hazard statements	:	H315 Causes skin irritation.
		H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
		H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
		risss may cause respiratory initiation.

General	:	Not applicable.
Prevention	:	Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	:	Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	:	Store locked up.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	 Unclassified Hazard - Combustible Dust Combustible dust when finely divided and suspended in air.Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air.Product can explode if dust cloud is formed and ignited. Minimize airborne dust. Eliminate all fire/ignition sources including static discharges near product/package. Prevent dust accumulation. Refer to Handling Section 7 of the MSDS for more information. Handling and/or processing of this material may generate a dust which can cause mechanical irritation of the eyes, skin, nose and throat.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name 9	% by weight	CAS

		number
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with bisphenol A	100	67989-52-0
and epichlorohydrin		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	 Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Indication of immediate med	ical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

		immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Protection of first aid personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without
		suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the
		rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing
		apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give
		mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly
		with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Use water spray or mist, dry chemical, foam or CO2. Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Combustible solid that burns. Fine dust clouds may form explosive mixtures with air. Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides
Special protective actions for fire- fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self- contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel For emergency responders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Minimize airborne dust and eliminate all fire/ignition sources. Clean up spill as soon as possible using procedures described below. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of
For emergency responders	•	any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for containment	t and	cleaning up
Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Do not use air hoses for cleaning. Minimize dry sweeping to avoid generation of dust clouds. Vacuum dust-accumulating surfaces and remove to a chemical disposal area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Vacuums with explosion-proof motors should be used. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Do not

use air hoses for cleaning. Minimize dry sweeping to avoid generation of dust clouds. Vacuum dust-accumulating surfaces and remove to a chemical disposal area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Vacuums with explosion-proof motors should be used. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see section 1 of SDS for emergency contact information and section 13 of SDS for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

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Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8 of SDS).Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing.Do not ingest.Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).Prevent dust accumulation.Use only with adequate ventilation.Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use.Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.Do not reuse container.

COMBUSTIBLE DUST HANDLING PROCEDURES:

Combustible dusts at sufficient concentrations can form explosive mixtures with air. High dust concentrations should be avoided. Follow US NFPA Standard 654, "Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids," UK HSE Guidance HSG 103, approved Codes of Practice (ACOPS) established for Explosive Atmospheres under the ATEX Directive 1999/92/EC for worker protection and ATEX Directive 94/9/EC that regulates equipment and protection systems used in potentially explosive atmospheres or other national guidance on safe handling of combustible dusts. Train workers in the recognition and prevention of hazards associated with combustible dust in the plant.

Minimize airborne dust and eliminate all ignition sources. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, and flame. Establish good housekeeping practices. Remove dust accumulations on a regular basis by vacuuming or gentle sweeping to avoid creating dust clouds. Use continuous suction at points of dust generation to capture and minimize the accumulation of dusts. Particular attention should be given to overhead and hidden horizontal surfaces to minimize the probability of a "secondary" explosion. According to NFPA Standard 654, dust layers 1/32 in.(0.8 mm) thick can be sufficient to warrant immediate cleaning of the area.

Control sources of static electricity. This product or the package itself

		can accumulate static charges, and static discharge can be a source of ignition. Solids handling systems must be designed in accordance with applicable NFPA standards (including 654 and 77) and other national guidance. Do not empty directly into flammable solvents or in the presence of flammable vapors. The operator, the packaging container and all equipment must be grounded with electrical bonding and grounding systems. Plastic bags and plastics cannot be grounded, and antistatic bags do not completely protect against development of static charges.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of SDS) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks and flame. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

None.

Recommended monitoring procedures	:	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures		
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end

Eye/face protection :	of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skii protection	
Hand protection :	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection :	on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product., For PPE selection see National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 2113, Standard on Selection, Care, Use and Maintenance of Flame-Resistant Garments for Protection of Industrial Personnel Against Flash Fire.
Other skin protection :	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection :	

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Color	semi-solidLight yellow	
Odor	: Not available	
Odor threshold	: Not available	
рН	: Not available	
Melting point/ Freezing point	: Not available	
Boiling point	: Not available	
Flash point	: 204 °C (399.20	°F)
Burning time	: Not available	
Burning rate	: Not available	
Evaporation rate	: Not available	

Flammability (solid, gas) Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density	: Low Upp : Not	available ver: Not available per: Not available available available
Solubility Solubility in water	• 1100	available ligible
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not	available
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not	available
Decomposition temperature	: Not	available
SADT	: Not	available
Viscosity	•	amic: Not available ematic: Not available

Other information

No additional information.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	Stable under normal conditions.
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Strong oxidizer, Caustic soda (sodium hydroxide) can induce vigorous polymerisation at temperatures around 200 °C.
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: strong oxidizing agents, sodium hydroxide,
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials:, carbon oxides
Other hazards		Reacts with considerable heat release with some curing agents. Polymerises exothermically with amines, mercaptans and Lewis acids at ambient temperature and above.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary Skin eyes Respiratory	: :	Not available Not available Not available
Sensitization		
Conclusion/Summary Skin Respiratory	:	Not available Not available
<u>Mutagenicity</u>		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available
Carcinogenicity		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available
<u>Reproductive toxicity</u>		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available
Teratogenicity		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers,	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
polymers with bisphenol A and			
epichlorohydrin			

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with bisphenol A and	Category 2		skin
epichlorohydrin			

Aspiration hazard

Not available

Information on the likely routes of : Not available **exposure**

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	:	Α
		n

Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation

		watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following:
		respiratory tract irritation
Skin contact	:	coughing Adverse symptoms may include the following:
Skii contact	•	irritation
		redness
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effects and al	so cl	nronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available
Potential chronic health effects		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available
General	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Numerical measures of toxicity		

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available
Persistence/degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient	:	Not available
(KOC) Other adverse effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

:

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

The data provided in this section is for information only and may not be specific to your package size or mode of transport. You will need to apply the appropriate regulations to properly classify your shipment for transportation.

International tra	nsport regul	ations				
Regulatory information	UN/NA number	Proper shi	pping name	Classes/*PG	Reportable Quantity (RQ)	
CFR		Non-regula	ited			
TDG		Non-regulated				
IMO/IMDG		Non-regulated				
IATA (Cargo)		Non-regulated				
*PG : Packing gro	oup					
Special precaution	ons for user	:	containers that are	user's premises: always e upright and secure. Er roduct know what to do	1	

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

Version: 13.0

U.S. Federal regulations	:	 United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None required. United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed
<u>California Prop. 65:</u>	:	None required.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	All components are listed or exempted.
<u>Canada</u>		
WHMIS (Canada)	:	Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).
<u>Canadian lists</u>		
Canadian NPRI	:	None required.
CEPA Toxic substances	:	None required.
International regulations		
C Ja C K N P U U	anada apan hina orea ew Zo hilipp nited	 lia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted. a inventory: All components are listed or exempted. inventory: All components are listed or exempted. inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted. ealand Inventory (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted. ines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted. States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System III (U.S.A.) :

Health	*	2
Flammability		1
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868. The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Full text of abbreviated H statements

: Not applicable.

Date of printing Date of issue/Date of revision Date of previous issue Version Prepared by Key to abbreviations	::::::	07/13/2015 04/16/2015 04/14/2015 13.0 Product Safety Stewardship ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail UN = United Nations
References	:	Not available

Notice to reader

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