

SAFETY DATA SHEET

FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY

EPONTM Resin 8021

Section 1. Product and company identification

GHS product identifier : EPONTM Resin 8021

MSDS Number : K196R_US
Product type : Epoxy Resin

Manufacturer/Supplier/Importer : Westlake Epoxy Inc.

12650 DIRECTORS DR STE 100

Stafford, Texas 77477

USA

Contact person : epoxyservice@westlake.com

Telephone : For additional health and safety or regulatory information, call

1 888 443 9466.

Emergency telephone number : For Emergency Medical Assistance

Call Health & Safety Information Services

1-866-303-6949

For Emergency Transportation Information

NCEC US Domestic +1 866 928 0789 (toll-free, US only)

NCEC Americas +1 215 207 0061 CANUTEC CA Domestic (613) 996-6666

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or

mixture

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED

EXPOSURE [skin] - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements: H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure. (skin)

Precautionary statements

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General : Not applicable.

Prevention : Wear protective gloves.

Wear eye or face protection.

Do not breathe vapor.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response : Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF ON SKIN:

Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

IF IN EYES:

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists:

Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result

in classification

None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol-Epichlorohydrin Copolymer	50 - 75	25068-38-6
1,6-Hexanediol Diacrylate	25 - 50	13048-33-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the

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Inhalation

Skin contact

Ingestion

upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

thoroughly before reuse.

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first aid personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media : Use dry chemical, CO2, alcohol-resistant foam or water spray (fog).

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds

Special protective actions for fire-: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity

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fighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is

inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take

: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See

also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil,

waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil

or air).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with

water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste

disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill
Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach

release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13 of SDS). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 of SDS for emergency contact information and section 13 of SDS for waste

disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8 of

SDS). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use.

Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not

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Advice on general occupational hygiene

reuse container.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of SDS) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol- Epichlorohydrin Copolymer	None.
1,6-Hexanediol Diacrylate	AIHA WEEL (1999-01-01) TWA - TLV and PEL 1 mg/m3 Notes: Skin sensitizer

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Appropriate engineering controls

If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash

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contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used

when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a

higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved

standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves

cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based

on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures

should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this

product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that

meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper

fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid

Color : Reddish-brown

Odor: AcrylateOdor threshold: Not availablepH: Not availableMelting point/ Freezing point: Not availableBoiling point: Not available

Flash point : Setaflash Closed Cup: Greater than 93.4 °C (200.1 °F) (ASTM D

3828)

Burning time: Not availableBurning rate: Not availableEvaporation rate: Not availableFlammability (solid, gas): Not available

Lower and upper explosive : Lower: Not available (flammable) limits : Upper: Not available

Vapor pressure : Less than 0.1 mbar @ 20 °C (68 °F)

Vapor density : Greater than 1 [Air = 1]

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Relative density: Not availableSolubility: Not availableSolubility in water: Negligible

Partition coefficient: n-

Auto-ignition temperature

octanol/water

: Not available
e : Not available

Not available

Not available

Decomposition temperature SADT

Viscosity : Dynamic: Not available
Kinematic: Not available

Other information

No additional information.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : Stable under normal conditions.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will

not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Strong oxidizer, Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

strong oxidizing agents,

strong acids, strong alkalis, aliphatic amines,

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition

products should not be produced.

Other hazards Heating this substance above 300 deg. F in the presence of air may

cause slow oxidative decomposition; above 500 deg. F polymerization

may occur.

Some combinations of resins and curing agents can produce exothermic reactions which in large masses can cause runaway

polymerization and charring of the reactants

Fumes and vapors from the thermal and chemical decompositions

vary widely in composition and toxicity.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol-Epichlorohydrin Copolymer				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	11,400 mg/kg	-

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	LD50 Dermal	Rat	2,000 mg/kg	-
1,6-Hexanediol Diacrylate				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5,000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol- Epichlorohydrin Copolymer	Skin - Erythema/E schar 404 Acute	Rabbit	1.5 - 2		-
	Dermal Irritation/Co rrosion				
	Skin - Edema 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Co rrosion	Rabbit	1.0 - 1.5		-
	eyes 405 Acute Eye Irritation/Co rrosion	Rabbit	0		-
	eyes - Redness of the conjunctiva e	Rabbit	0.7		-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit		24 hrs	-
	eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit			-
1,6-Hexanediol Diacrylate	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit		24 hrs	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin:Not availableeyes:Not availableRespiratory:Not available

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol-	Skin	See Remarks	Sensitizing
Epichlorohydrin Copolymer			
Remarks:	In an OECD No. 429 mouse LLNA study the estimated EC3 was a concentration		
	of 5.7% suggesting that BADGE is a moderate skin sensitizer in this test system.		
	In an OECD No. 406 guinea pig Maximization study BADGE induced positive		
	dermal reaction in 100% of the test animals at a 50% concentration challenge		

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dose. Therefore, BADGE is an "Extreme" skin sensitizer under the conditions of
this study. BADGE was also positive for skin sensitization in an OECD No. 406
guinea pig Buehler method study.

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Not available Respiratory : Not available

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
4,4'-Is opropylidenediphenol-	-	; Mammalian-	Negative
Epichlorohydrin Copolymer		Animal	
Remarks:	Did not induce evidence of chrome	osome damage in a r	nouse dominant lethal oral
	gavage study conducted up to a high dose level of 10 grams/kg and in a mouse		
	micronucleus test conducted up to a high dose of 5000 mg/kg. Negative in a male		
	mouse spermatocyte cytogenetic assay with treatment for 5 days by oral gavage up		
	to a high dose of 3000 mg/kg. Did not induce an increase in the frequency of		
	chromosome damage in a Chinese hamster bone marrow cytogenetic test by oral		
	gavage up to a high dose of 3300 mg/kg. Failed to induce an increase of DNA		
	strand breaks in rat liver cells following oral gavage treatment with 500 mg/kg as		
	measured by alkaline elution.		

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-Propenoic acid, 1,1'-(1,6-	Category 2	-	skin
hexanediyl) ester			

Aspiration hazard

Not available

Information on likely routes of

: Not available

exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

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Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eve contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available
Potential delayed effects : Not available

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available
Potential delayed effects : Not available

Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

No data available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropo xi)phenyl]propane				
	Acute LC50 1.3 mg/l - 203 Fish, Acute	Fish - Fish	96 h	
	Toxicity Test			
	Acute EC50 2.1 mg/l - 202 Daphnia	Aquatic invertebrates.	48 h	

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sp. Acute Immobilization Test and	Water flea	
Reproduction Test		
Acute LC50 $> 11 \text{ mg/l}$ -	Aquatic plants - Algae	72 h
Chronic No-observable-effect-	Aquatic invertebrates.	21 d
concentration 0.3 mg/l semi-static test	Water flea	
211 Daphnia Magna Reproduction Test		

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Persistence/degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
bis-[4-(2,3-	2.64 - 3.78	3 - 31 31.00	low
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane			
hexamethylene diacrylate	2.81	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

(KOC)

: Not available

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

The data provided in this section is for information only and may not be specific to your package size or mode of transport. You will need to apply the appropriate regulations to properly classify your shipment for transportation.

International transport regulations

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CFR Non-regulated

TDG Non-regulated

IMO/IMDG 3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY Class 9 III

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE,

LIQUID, N.O.S.

(LIQUID EPOXY RESIN)

IATA (Cargo) 3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY Class 9 III

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE,

LIQUID, N.O.S.

(LIQUID EPOXY RESIN)

*PG: Packing group

Environmentally hazardous and/or Marine Pollutant : Yes.



Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

U.S. Federal regulations

: United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None required.

United States - TSCA 5α2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 5α2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not

listed

United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed SARA 311/312 Classification - SKIN IRRITATION, Category 2 SARA 311/312 Classification - EYE IRRITATION, Category 2A SARA 311/312 Classification - SKIN SENSITISATION, Category 1 SARA 311/312 Classification - SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY

- REPEATED EXPOSURE, skin, Category 2 **SARA 311/312 Classification** - Not applicable

California Prop. 65:

WARNING: This product may contain one or more chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

United States inventory (TSCA : All components are active or exempted.

8b)

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International regulations

International lists

: Australia inventory (AIIC): All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Korea inventory (KECI): All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are active or exempted.

Taiwan inventory (**TCSI**): All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System III (U.S.A.):

Health	*	2
Flammability		1
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Full text of abbreviated H : Not applicable.

statements

History

Date of printing: 10/25/2022Date of issue/Date of revision: 09/21/2022Date of previous issue: 04/22/2022Version: 9.0

Prepared by : Product Safety Stewardship

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Rail

UN = United Nations

References : Not available

Notice to reader

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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.